7b Englisch 22.05.2020

Liebe Schülerinnen und Schüler, die nächste Unterrichtsstunde ist am Dienstag um 12.15 Uhr bei Jitsie oder bei Vicole. Das gibt euch Helena noch bekannt.

| Lieber Gruß! Seg |
|--|
| Abfrage Vokabeln (Please leave your books closed.) |
| a) Gesicht |
| face b) Halsschmerzen |
| sore throat c) verstauchen |
| <mark>sprain</mark> |
| d) Glücklicherweise war ich nicht spät für die Schule. |
| Luckily I wasn't late for school. |
| e) Ich habe zu viel gegessen. Jetzt habe ich Bauchschmerzen. |
| I've eaten too much. Now I have a stomach ache. |
| f) Es ist nur verstaucht. Nicht gebrochen. |
| It's only sprained, not broken. |

g) Die Bandage war zu eng. Er konnte seine Finger nicht bewegen.

The bandage was too tight. He couldn't move his fingers.

2. Grammar: Revision

adjectives and adverbs

| Adjectives | Adverbs |
|--|--|
| Sally is a beautiful <mark>singer</mark> . | She <mark>sings</mark> beautiful <mark>ly</mark> . |
| Luke is a careful <mark>driver</mark> . | He <mark>drives</mark> careful <mark>ly</mark> . |
| Mrs Brown is a busy teacher. | She <mark>teaches</mark> busi <mark>ly</mark> . |
| | |
| = Wie ist jemand als Person? | =Wie <mark>macht</mark> jemand |
| | etwas? |
| | Bildung: + ly |
| | Ausnahmen: |
| | good – well |
| | fast – fast |
| | hard - hard |

3. Revision: exercise 7 page 94

- 1. After the accident everybody spoke quietly.
- 2. Ethan thought quickly and called the ambulance.
- 3. Ryan hurt his head badly.
- 4. He woke up slowly.

- 5. Ryan remembered his name easily.
- 6. He fell heavily on his arm.
- 7. They asked Ryan to get up carefully.

Make sentences:

- 1. The man opens the door quietly.
- 2. The police woman shouted angrily.
- 3. The girl smiles happily.
- 4. The boy watches TV nervously.

4. Correction Homework: Workbook page 66 exercise 5



5. Correction Homework: Book page 94 exercise 8

1. well

- 2. loudly
- 3. hard
- 4. badly
- 5. quickly
- 6. terribly

6. Workbook p 67 exercise 8

 $_{10}$ S Complete the text with the right adjective or adverb. Skateboarding started in California in the 1950s. When the ocean was <u>quiet</u> (quiet), surfers couldn't practice their <u>favorite</u> (favorite) sport, so they wanted to do something else. That's why they started skating. (slow) became more and more popular It then slowly (popular) and today Ausnahme people all over the world know how to skate. Skaters need to practice hard (hard) until (good). All skaters sometimes fall off their boards and some get they can do tricks well __ (bad) when they try dangerous (dangerous) tricks. Many skaters go skateboarding in empty (empty) parking lots¹ or on the streets. Not all people react <u>nicely</u> when they see skaters there. But most cities also have <u>nice</u> (nice) skate parks. The good (good<mark>) thing</mark> about skate parks is that people don't get angry so easily (easy) and that you can meet other skaters there. If you watch them <u>carefully</u> you can learn a lot from them. 1 parking lot (AE) = a place where people can park their cars

7. Book page 95 exercise 10 - Take notes

Dangerous sport

I was behaving stupidly

The floor was wet

Sprained my arm badly

Luckily = glücklicherweise

I got home quickly

I'm going to be more careful

Nice, isn't it — Tan von to be

8. Homework: Workbook page 67 exercise 7
Vocabulary page 194 down to <u>advertisement</u>